	TYPE OF SHELLFISH	DESCRIPTION
Manila clams		SIZE: Up to 3 inches SHAPE: Oblong, similar to littleneck EXTERNAL: Concentric rings with radiating ridges forms lattice pattern Typically grey colored, some purple color on the inside DEPTH: 2-4 inches SUBSTRATE: Gravel, mud, sand ZONE: Above the half-tide level
Native littlenecks		SIZE: Up to 3½ inches SHAPE: Oval to round EXTERNAL: Concentric rings with radiating ridges forms lattice pattern Cream/grey colored sometimes mottled with brown, white inside DEPTH: 4-6 inches SUBSTRATE: Gravel, mud ZONE: Normally mid-tide level; sometimes lower intertidal or subtidal (up to 60 feet)
Butter clams		SIZE: Up to 5 inches; heavy for size SHAPE: Oval to square EXTERNAL: Concentric rings
Varnish clams		SIZE: Up to 3 inches SHAPE: Oval, flat EXTERNAL: Shiny brown coating (purple interior) DEPTH: 1-2 inches SUBSTRATE: Gravel, cobble, mud, sand ZONE: Upper one-third of the intertidal zone but can range into lower tidal level; most abundant near freshwater inputs WARNING! VARNISH CLAMS RETAIN MARINE BIOTOXINS SUCH AS PSP LONGER AND AT HIGHER LEVELS THAN OTHER CLAMS
Cockles		SIZE: Up to 5½ inches SHAPE: Round (somewhat triangular) EXTERNAL: Prominent evenly-spaced radiating ribs originate at the hinge and radiate to the outer shell edge Light brown colored DEPTH: 1-2 inches SUBSTRATE: Sand, mud ZONE: Intertidal or subtidal (up to 50-60 feet)
Macoma clams		SIZE: Up to 3 inches SHAPE: Oval to square (to somewhat triangular) EXTERNAL: Wafer-thin, chalky-white shell may be bent at siphon end DEPTH: 4-6 inches SUBSTRATE: Sand, mud ZONE: Middle intertidal zone



	TYPE OF SHELLFISH	DESCRIPTION
Horse clams		SIZE: Up to 7 inches SHAPE: Oval EXTERNAL: Chalky-white or yellow, patches of brown skin on shell Shell flares around siphon, does not close Cannot fully retract siphon DEPTH: 12-16 inches SUBSTRATE: Sand, mud, gravel ZONE: Lower intertidal (up to 50-60 feet)
Eastern soft shell clams		SIZE: Up to 4½ inches SHAPE: Oval to square EXTERNAL: Brittle, thin shells Chalky-white to grey with brown/yellow skin on the edges Rounded at foot, pointed at siphon end Uneven concentric rings DEPTH: 8-14 inches SUBSTRATE: Sand, mud ZONE: Upper half-tide level near river mouths (low salinity)
Geoduck		SIZE: 2 ½ lbs average (shell up to 10 inches) SHAPE: Oblong EXTERNAL: Gaping oblong shell with concentric rings White shell with flaky brown skin Siphon and mantle are too large to withdraw into shell DEPTH: 2-3 feet SUBSTRATE: Mud, sand, gravel ZONE: Subtidal (some intertidal, accessible only on extreme low tides)
Razor clams		SIZE: Up to 6 inches SHAPE: Oblong EXTERNAL: Gaping oblong shell with concentric rings Brown shell Siphon is too large to withdraw into shell DEPTH: 6 inches or more (moves rapidly downward when dug) SUBSTRATE: Sand ZONE: Intertidal coastal (ocean beaches)
Mussels		SIZE: Blue mussel up to 3 inches; California mussel up to 6 inches SHAPE: Oblong EXTERNAL: Blue-black or brown shell DEPTH: n/a SUBSTRATE: Rocks, pilings, boats, gravel, other hard surfaces ZONE: Intertidal
Oysters		SIZE: Up to 12 inches SHAPE: Oblong, irregular, wavy edges EXTERNAL: Chalky white or grey DEPTH: n/a SUBSTRATE: Rocky beaches ZONE: Intertidal courtesy of Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife

Most images and descriptions courtesy of Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife (http://www.wdfw.wa.gov/fishing/shellfish/)

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